

Northshore Aquatics Needs Analysis and Location Study

A study to evaluate site and facility recommendations to serve the aquatics needs of the Northshore Community

prepared for:
The Northshore Parks and
Recreation Service Area
June 2008

prepared by:

ORB Architects, Inc.

NW Public Affairs, LLC

Cities of Bothell, Kenmore and

Woodinville

Partners in serving recreation to the Northshore Community,

This cover transmits an aquatic study commissioned by the jurisdictions included in the Northshore Parks and Recreation Service area (NPRSA), and staffed by the Cities of Kenmore, Bothell, and Woodinville. The purpose of this study is to evaluate aquatics needs and to determine if grassroots support exists to carry a proposal for developing a new aquatics program forward and through to fruition. The study includes an evaluation of the current aquatic resources and demands, and projects future needs. It also describes the input of interested citizens who attended meetings about aquatic needs, and expresses their preference for any new facility to be centrally located in the Downtown Bothell area, near to the Pop Keeney Field.

Upon review of this study, the Cities and the Counties should determine if these results warrant further feasibility discussion, including identifying and securing an option for a specific site. Additional recommendations proposed in this study include establishing a timeline for an outreach and education program in 2009 in preparation for a November 2010 ballot measure to authorize center funding.

It is important to note that this study is the result of funding and collaboration authorized by the legislative bodies of the NPRSA. The partnerships demonstrate the commitment of these governments to persistently provide the highest level of services possible to citizens and to do so in a way that leverages tax resources to the greatest advantage possible.

Executive Summary

Given the growing population of the region and latest trends in aquatic facilities, the Northshore Parks and Recreation Service Area (NPRSA) has actively pursued the effort to study the need and demand for a regional aquatic facility. In November 2007, NPRSA retained ORB Architects, Inc., an architectural firm specializing in the designing of recreation centers and aquatic facilities, to assist the region in evaluating previously proposed aquatics facility designs and proposed site options.

A team was assembled comprised of representatives from the Cities of Kenmore, Woodinville and Bothell, King and Snohomish Counties, the Northshore School District and Northwest Center (current operators of St. Edwards and Northshore pools, respectively). The team was charged with building on the 2003 study to explore site preference and feasibility, update previously projected costs and evaluate public interest to develop a regional aquatics facility. NW Public Affairs, LLC joined the consulting team to direct the effort and evaluate community consensus for the project, while ORB coordinated site review and cost analysis.

The team's goal has been to move from a general concept outlined in a 2003 study to develop public and agency consensus for a preferred site and a specific facility concept with related construction costs and operations. This analysis includes identifying the best and most appropriate sites, program scope and costs to build and operate the facility.

Study recommendations include the following:

- Based on citizen interest and service demand, a multi-function regional aquatic center
 of approximately 55,000 square feet is warranted. Prior to a ballot measure, this
 recommendation will need further refinement as a specific site is selected.
- Interested citizens expressed a preference for a new center to be centrally located within the NPRSA service area. The most central and preferred area was within the City of Bothell Downtown Revitalization area near the existing Northshore Pool and complementing surrounding recreational uses, including the Pop Keeney Stadium.

Recommended next steps include:

- Identify and secure an option for a specific site near the current pool site.
- Build a core group of interested citizens to develop broader community awareness about the aquatics needs.
- Develop a proposal, such as a capital funds voted bond, to come from the NPRSA District.
- The planning for the ballot should target November of 2010, given the issues to be resolved and competing measures and projects,

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Chapter I: Background

NPRSA is a special taxing district with boundaries approximately the same as the Northshore School District. Located in the Seattle-Everett metropolitan area north and east of Lake Washington and encompassing the Cities of Bothell, Kenmore and Woodinville, NPRSA was formed in 1988 when the voters within the Northshore School District voted to both form the NPRSA and authorize bonds for the Northshore Senior Center. The NPRSA is governed by a five-member Board comprised of representatives from each of the three cities located within the NPRSA boundaries (Bothell, Kenmore and Woodinville) and a County Council member representing the unincorporated areas from King and Snohomish Counties located within the NPRSA boundaries.

In 2003, the NPRSA was served by three aging and deteriorating public aquatics facilities. They were the St. Edwards State Park Pool in Kenmore, the Northshore Pool in Bothell and the Sorenson Pool in Woodinville. Since the 2003 report, the Sorenson Pool was converted for other uses.

Each pool was built as a basic "box" pool approximately 30 years ago. This type of facility requires a significant public subsidy to remain in operation. The Kenmore Pool is owned by the State of Washington, and is subsidized by Washington State Parks, the City of Kenmore, Bastyr University and Evergreen Hospital. The Northshore Pool in Bothell is subsidized by the Cities of Bothell and Woodinville. The State Parks Department provides the largest operational subsidy, but recently has adopted policies that indicate State Parks officials do not have responsibility for providing local recreation facilities.

The Northshore Pool was part of the Forward Thrust Bond passed in 1968. It will be paid off at the end of 2011 and ownership of the underlying real estate will revert back to Northshore School District. In 2001, King County stopped funding the Northshore Pool due to budget constraints. Both the St. Edwards and the Northshore Pools are currently operated by a non-profit agency, Northwest Center, under a year-to-year contract funded by the three cities and local non-profit institutions.

The 2003 aquatics study included focus group discussions as well as informal research (not statistically scientific) to gauge the general interest of an updated multi-purpose aquatics center that would









be designed to appeal, not only to the traditional aquatics users such as school swim teams, diving and water polo teams, etc., but also to a broader population including toddlers, children, students, adults, seniors, as well as disabled communities. The 2003 study concluded that there was general interest in developing a pool and recommended a new 55,000 square foot indoor aquatic facility.

Summary of current and previous aquatic options

Sorenson Pool - V	Voodinville (now closed)
Status	Closed in 2002, retrofitted for non-aquatic uses
Description	Warm water pool, No diving
Annual Users	Zero
Size	Box, warm water pool
Owner	Northshore School District, City of Woodinville
Operated by	School District, YMCA contract
Annual Subsidy	\$40,000-\$50,000 (at time of closure)
St. Edwards Pool	- Kenmore
Status	Operating year-to-year, future funding in question
Description	Basic box pool
Annual Users	Approx. 60,000
Size	25 Yards, 6 lanes
Other	Changing rooms
Owner	Washington State Parks Department
Operated by	2001- King County cut budget
	2001-2003 - Washington State Parks
	2004 to present - Northwest Center
Annual Subsidy	\$100,000; Funding partners include: State Parks;
	Kenmore; Bastyr College; Evergreen Hospital
Northshore Pool	- Bothell
Status	Operating year-to-year through end of 2011,
	when the 1968 Forward Thrust Bond will be paid
	in full and the lease expires
Description	Basic box pool
Annual Users	Approx 75,000
Size	40 Meter (moveable bulkhead), 6 Lanes
Other	Changing Rooms, Spectator seating
Owner	King County owns the pool; Land is leased from
	Northshore School District until 2011
Operated by	Contract with Northwest Center; ends in 2011
Annual Subsidy	\$100,000 – Local government; Funding partners

Chapter 2: Facilities Analysis

The current study has been a collaboration between ORB, Northwest Public Affairs and a team comprised of representatives from the Cities of Kenmore, Woodinville, Bothell, King and Snohomish Counties, the Northshore School District and Northwest Center. The team's goal is to move from the 2003 general concept to an emerging consensus among the public in the NPRSA.

The ORB study components included collecting and analyzing existing information from the previous study, preparing preliminary site analysis, developing a concept design drawing, and preparing a magnitude-operating pro forma and project construction cost estimate.

In addition, the team hosted a series of four community meetings to gather public input and develop consensus on options identified in the report. These activities resulted in a recommendation for a Northshore Multi-Function Regional Aquatic Center of 55,000 square feet.

The Center should include the following features:

- Competition Pool for Training, Fitness and Fun American Short Course - 10 Lane, 25 meter x 25 yard I-meter diving board
- Leisure Pool with Wave Option
 6,000 square feet with zero-depth entry, interactive play structures and spray features, water slides (in/outdoor), float/river channels, and on and off wave feature
- Warm Water Therapy Pool for therapy, rehabilitation, and wellness

1,000 square feet

- Whirlpool & Sauna
- · Lobby, control desk & concessions area
- · Men's, Women's, and family locker rooms
- Two multi-purpose meeting and party rooms
- Outdoor Patio for summer sun
- Spectator seating for competitions (400)
- Parking (375) with drop-off and future expansion potential

A series of four
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Chapter 3: Site Analysis

The initial task of the team was to review and update twenty-two sites identified in the 2003 study. Each previously identified site was evaluated on the basis of its availability and status.

ORB developed and utilized key criteria to locate and evaluate an indoor swimming pool and family aquatic center in the NPRSA. These criteria were selected to provide the most convenient location for the general public and to encourage the highest usage and thus the highest revenue production.

Location is perhaps the single most important factor to the financial success of a public swimming pool.

Data and information for the evaluation was available through the earlier aquatics study. Based on the initial assessment and a list of objective criteria the list was narrowed to five potential sites believed to have the most potential based.

The existing Northshore Pool site was evaluated and set aside due to the extensive cost requires to convert and renovate this structure to accomodate additional uses, it's age, condition, and ownership transition as of 2011. These conditions make it unfeasible in relationship to other sites.

General Site Considerations

Open recreation swimming and public instructional swimming programs require that: the general public are constantly aware of its existence; can easily access the facility; and that facility and programs are convenient and attractive.

Location is perhaps the single most important factor to the financial success of a public swimming pool. A regional aquatic center is one of a few types of public facilities whose success and continued operation depends upon its ability to attract the general public. While many public services are required by health and safety considerations, recreational swimming is not. It must attract and hold its users to be economically successful, much like a retail or service business. It must

be highly visible, provide the service desired, and be convenient to the majority of users. Generally, public pools derive their income from a few general sources:

- · Multi-generational recreation and fitness swimming
- Public swimming instruction
- School district competitive programs (indoor faculties)
- Facility rental for special occasions

It can also be beneficial to locate a pool next to other recreational facilities such as a park, play field or recreation center building. Such a location allows the family the opportunity to drop younger children off at the pool while they enjoy other recreational facilities. The location of a pool near a shopping center offers similar benefits. Such factors as high visibility, a location near primary traffic corridors and good walking, bicycle and bus access from residential areas served are important considerations.

Based upon the criteria, the sites were objectively evaluated by ORB and ranked accordingly. The top five sites from this analysis included:

- I. Pop Keeney /Northshore Pool Area,Bothell
- 2. Commercial Site at SR 522/SR202 Intersection,Woodinville
- 3. Little Bear Creek Parkway Site, Woodinville
- 4. Site in
 Unincorporated
 Snohomish County
- 5. Wellington Hills Golf Course, Woodinville

Criteria for Site Selection

In collaboration with ORB, the team agreed to weighted criteria – as well as their relative importance – in order to objectively evaluate each site location. Based on these criteria (below), the Site Location Matrix in Appendix A was completed.

- Adequate Site Size (weighted value 50)
 Enough acreage (approximate 3-5 acres) to accommodate buildings, parking, landscaping and pedestrian walkways, outdoor decks or patio, and required building setbacks.
- Major Arterial Access (weighted value 50)
 Location on a major arterial with a high 24-hour traffic volume giving maximum exposure of the facility to the public and easy access to the automobile. This type of location is important to revenue potential.
- Cost/Availability of Acquisition (weighed value 50)
 Preference given to sites already in public ownership, although it is assured that any site will require purchase. Property requiring the demolition or removal of existing structures is also down-rated to account for the additional demolition or removal costs.
- Accessible to NPRSA Population (weighted value 40)
 Ease of accessibility to most NPSRA residents, increases revenue potential.
- **Public Visibility** (weighted value 40)
 High visibility of location promotes the facility and increases revenue potential and provides a constant reminder to the public to use the facility. This is particularly important during winter months when swimming is not in season.
- Transit Access (weighted value 30)
 Good access by pubic transit is a factor affecting facility use and revenue potential.
- Proximity to Shopping/Retail (weighted value 30)
 Proximity to shopping areas will substantially increase use of the pool and increase revenue potential. A site located near a shopping center allows mom and dad to drop off the children for swimming while the adults shop.

- Conformance with Local Master Plans (weighted value 30)
 Conformance with local land use.
- Infrastructure Availability of Utilities (weighted value 30)
 Availability of water, gas, electrical power, and sanitary and
 storm sewer at the site. Sites requiring additional costs to install
 infrastructure are rated lower than sites with utilities at the site.
- Central to NPRSA (weighted value 30)
 Located with equal travel distance to all areas of the community is considered the most appropriate for a family aquatic center. A location with good arterial network to all areas of the NPRSA.
- Soils / Other Construction Cost Impacts (weighted value 30)
 Sites are rated for constructability. Sites with rugged topography
 or high water tables, poor soils make it difficult to construct a
 facility. Some sites may also require special construction, which adds
 considerably to the construction cost of the facility. Sites with a
 number of construction constraints are down graded in the analysis.
- Located Central to Future NPRSA Population Growth (weighted value 30)
 The facility should be located so as to serve the population growth of the NPRSA over the next ten to twenty years. It should be easily accessible to future growth.
- Proximity to School / Recreational Activity (weighted value 20)
 Sites are rated as to their proximity to schools or recreation areas. A site located near schools or recreation areas allows mom and dad to drop off the children for swimming or school related activities while they participate in other recreational activities. The availability of a variety of activities in the same general area tends to increase use of a recreational facility.
- Potential to Generate the Most Non-Resident Uses (weighted value 20)
 - The financial success of the facility depends on its ability to attract users and to remain near the maximum capacity. This may necessitate drawing from outside the NPSRA limits during certain times of the year. This is especially true for an indoor leisure type of facility. It has the potential to draw users and additional revenues from outside the NPRSA if the facility is properly located.
- Pedestrian / Bicycle Access (weighted value 20)
 Good access to sidewalks and bicycle trail systems.

Chapter 4: Public Outreach

The team restarted the public dialogue at the end of 2007, nearly five years since the 2003 study and initial public discussion. The team sorted information from the initial study and determined which items required updating or additional research. Materials were prepared to illustrate the scope and specifics of a multi-use aquatics facility, and finally, maps and illustrations were prepared on the top five site locations to facilitate a clear and informed discussion.

expressed for the scope and scale of the proposed multiuse aquatics facility with some showing an interest in a larger competition pool and/or exploring additional recreation facilities

In early December, approximately 35 to 40 key stakeholders, community leaders and citizens from across the NPRSA district came together for an interactive project update, discussion and feedback session. The gathering had excellent representation from each of the Cities and unincorporated areas within the District.

The public was updated on the project, presented with key background information, shared in a discussion around aquatic trends, offered feedback and reaction on the specific scope of the multi-use aquatics center, and participated in a review of the top five sites.

Of those attending, strong support was expressed for the scope and scale of the proposed multi-use aquatics center with some showing an interest in a larger competition pool and/or exploring additional recreation facilities. Estimated capital costs were shared with the group and there was discussion about the need to balance the scope of the project with voter willingness to support a potential bond measure.

In a second public meeting, the group reviewed the top five site locations but was not initially informed of the ORB analysis and the resulting rank order. Dozens of questions, helpful insights about specific locations and comments were offered. At the end of the questions and comments, the group filled out feedback forms, recorded their preferences about each location, and individually scored each of the site locations. The group expressed a strong preference for the Pop Keeney / Northshore pool area site in Bothell.

Reasons for this support included: its central location and accessibility in NPRSA; a well-known, visible, iconic attraction for the Northshore region at Pop Keeney; and fit within the City's recently developed Downtown Sub Area Plan (See comments and feedback on site locations attached in Appendix B). Two other Woodinville sites were

ranked as distant second choices (Commercial Area at SR 522/SR 202). The third choice was Little Bear Creek Parkway.

Building on the positive response from the second region-wide forum the team expanded outreach. Three Community Forums were held in Kenmore (January 31), Woodinville (January 30) and Bothell (February 6).

These meetings expanded outreach and discussion to determine whether particular concerns or questions differed from one community to another. Again, facilitators inquired about the scope of a proposed multi-use aquatics center.

Each of the meetings was primarily attended by local residents, but was open to anyone interested from the District. Press releases were sent out and the meeting dates and locations were posted on City Web sites with email invitations forwarded to an extensive list of citizens, stakeholders and community leaders. Each of the meetings was well attended with 20-30 participants each – allowing ample time for discussion, questions and feedback.

These three community forums confirmed findings from the first meeting:

- A perceived need and genuine interest in a regional multi-use aquatic center
- Preference for a site located near Pop Keeney and the current centrally located Northshore Pool site in Bothell.

In addition, community forums were used to determine what other questions need to be answered. The following are some of the key questions to address in follow up activities:

- How will facility be situated on a selected site?
- How much parking is need and what are the opportunities for sharing parking facilities?
- How will future expansion be taken into consideration?
- How will possible traffic congestion be addressed?
- How officials gauge public support and willingness to invest?

Building on the positive response from the region-wide forum the team immediately began the year with expanded outreach.

The NPRSA team received enthusiastic public responses and candid feedback. Citizens exhibited a willingness to work toward consensus. The following is a summary of the key findings from the public meetings:

General Agreement on the Scope and Need

Very positive interest and reaction to the concept of a Multi-use Aquatic center. Citizens expressed agreement about an urgent and growing need for pool facilities.

Shared Northshore Interest

Positive interest in a regionally funded public facility. Consensus that no one City could fund such a facility alone.

Site Consensus

Community and region-wide preference for a Pop Keeney / Northshore Pool Area area as preferred location for new facility.

Additional Recreation Expansion – Now or in the Future
 Interest among citizens in exploring additional recreation
 facilities or a larger or differently configured competition pool.
 Citizens recognized that the scope of the project must be balanced with cost and public willingness to support funding.

• Eager to Broaden Community Discussion

Stakeholders, community leaders and citizens are eager to move forward and broaden the community discussion and build awareness around needs and the potential opportunity for the community.

Chapter 5: Facilities Analysis Pro forma

Degree of Magnitude Swimming Participation Rates

Below is and degree of magnitude swimming participation estimate for the proposed indoor aquatic center, which was prepared by ORB Architects for the NPRSA.

General Comments

Operating projections are based upon statistical averages obtained from ORB's surveys of Pacific Northwest indoor pools. ORB Architects accomplishes these indoor pool operating statistic surveys approximately every five years. Data for this study are compiled from previous surveys, including the recently completed 2007 survey, in order to estimate the swimming participation at the proposed facility. In order to enhance the data on the indoor family (zero-depth) pool, a concept which is relatively new in the Western United States, data from neighboring British Columbia pools were used for comparison purposes. It is recommended that additional data should be collected on leisure pools as part of future due diligence.

The survey data are a key part of the analysis considering that key indicators like the number of hours the proposed aquatic center is open to the public, the number of instruction classes to be offered, and the number of hours the pool is used by other groups such as area swim teams or the school district have not yet been determined.

Market Overview

The primary source of revenue for a public swimming pool is daily admissions and lessons.

It is estimated that the majority of facility users for the proposed indoor aquatic center will come from the population residing within a 15 to 20 minute drive of the facility. Thus the primary market area for the preferred location near Pop Keeney / Northshore Pool would include major portions of areas within the Cities of Kenmore, Bothell and Woodinville. As a result, this comprises the primary concentration of population in the NPRSA. In addition, this market area includes the majority of the NPRSA District and some populated areas outside of the NPRSA within King and Snohomish Counties.

As a unique regional indoor aquatic center it is estimated that a significant number of users will be attracted to use the pool from outside the primary market area. Population maps provided in Appendix C illustrate the relationship of possible site locations to the population and NPRSA boundary.

Attendance Projections

The following chart projects the estimated number of swimmers that would use the new aquatic center from each of these population areas. The Annual Swims per Capita are generated from data collected from similar facilities which are most applicable to this project in ORB Architects Indoor Pool Operating Statistics Survey.

Pop Keeney/Northshore Pool Area Potential and Projected Swim Attendance - Aquatic Center with Zero Depth Wave Pool							
Population Conservative Potential Attendance Attendance							
Area	Annual Total 2000 Census Swims Est.		Annual	Total			
			Est.	Swims	Est.		
		per cap.	Swims	per cap.	Swims		
Primary Area *2	58,261	3.00	174,783	4.00	233,044		
Secondary Area (within district) *3	58,568	1.5	87,852	2.00	117,136		
Secondary Area (outside district) *4	47,259	.75	35,444	1.00	47,259		
Secondary Area (2.5 miles of	58,820	.38	22,058	.50	29,410		
other pools) *1,*5							
TOTALS	222,908	320,	137	426,	849		

^{*1} Populations within 2.5 miles of other Lynnwood, Mountlake Terrace, and Shoreline pools.

^{*2} Used Average Swims/per Capita for B. C.Leisure Wave Pools or 4.0 swims/capita

^{*3} Secondary Area Inside District (2.5 to 5.0 miles from pool) used 1/2 of *2 or 2.0 swims/capita

^{*4} Secondary Area Outside District (2.5 to 5.0 miles from pool) used 1/2 of *3 or 1.0 swims/capita

^{*5} Secondary Area Outside District (2.5 to 5.0 miles from pool) used 1/2 of *4 or .5 swims/capita

Indoor Aquatic Facilit	y with 25-vard	competition	n pool and L	eisure Poo	l with Wave F	eature
2011 (First Operating			. poor and _			
Wages and Salaries	Full Time or Part Time	Quantity	Pay Rate	Per	# Hours	Annual Salary
ADMINISTRATION	1					
Manager	FT	l	\$33.00	hour	2080	\$68,640
Administrative Assistant	FT	I	\$24.00	hour	2080	\$49,92
Subtotal - Administ	 ration					\$118,560
OPERATIONS						· ,
Maintenance	FT		\$28.00	hour	2080	\$58,240
Supervisor				-		* , -
Maintenance Staff (incl	uded in Maintena	ance and Re	pairs accoun	t)	'	
Cashier Supervisor	FT	l	\$24.00	hour	2080	\$49,92
Cashier Staff	PT	4	\$12.00	hour	2080	\$99,84
Subtotal - Operatio	ns	•				\$208,00
LIFEGUARD AND	INSTRUCTOR	S				
Head	FT	2	\$18.00	hour	2080	\$74,88
Lifeguard	PT	12	\$12.00	hour	2080	\$299,52
Instructors	PT	6	\$12.00	hour	2080	\$149,76
Subtotal - Lifeguard	ls and Instruct	ors				\$524,160
TOTAL BASE SALA	ARY					\$850,720
BENEFITS						
Full Time (35%)	\$301,600	6				\$105,56
Part Time (15%)	\$549,120	22				\$187,92
, ,	\$850,720	28				\$187,92
		TOTALA	NNUAL SA	LARY AN	D BENEFITS	\$1,038,64
Notes:						
2080 hours per year ful						

Table 2 - Income and Expenses Indoor Aquatic Facility with 25-yard competition pool and Leisure Pool with Wave Feature						
2011 (First Operating Year)						
			Conservative	Potential		
Public Recreation	Swimmer Da	ays *1	320,137	426,849		
INCOME						
	Income	Per				
Admissions	\$4.00	swimmer/day	\$1,280,547	\$1,707,396		
Concessions (net)	\$0.20	swimmer/day	\$64,027	\$85,370		
Swim Lessons and	(allo	owance)	\$300,000	\$300,000		
Recreation Classes						
Pool Rental	\$35,000	\$35,000				
TOTAL	INCOME		\$1,679,574	\$2,127,766		
EXPENSES						
Payroll and Benefits	(see	Table I)	\$882,851	\$1,038,648		
Advertising	\$3,000	month	\$36,000	\$36,000		
Insurance (Supplemental)	\$500	month	\$6,000	\$6,000		
Professional Services/	\$500	month	\$6,000	\$6,000		
Training						
Maintenance and Repairs *2	\$3.20	square foot	\$176,000	\$176,000		
Chemicals and Supplies *3	\$2.00	square foot	\$26,300	\$26,300		
Utilities *4	\$9.00	square foot	\$495,000	\$495,000		
Other (misc)	\$2,000	month	\$24,000	\$24,000		
TOTAL EX	(PENSES		\$1,652,151	\$1,807,948		
ОР	ERATING IN	ICOME (Loss)	\$27,424	\$319,818		
Cost Reco	very Rate %		102%	118%		
Operating co	ost/SF of Water		\$126	\$137		
Swims/S	F of Water		24	32		
Average Exp	ense per Swim		\$5.16	\$4.24		
*I - See Attendance Projections Table on p.9 *2 - Indoor Pool 55,000 square feet of building area *3 - Indoor Pool 13,150 square feet of water area						

*4 - Indoor Pool 55,000 square feet of building area

Chapter 6: Building Construction Cost Estimates

The following pages contain a detailed degree of magnitude building construction cost estimate based on the conceptual design by ORB Architects. The estimate is escalated to 2011 construction year dollars.

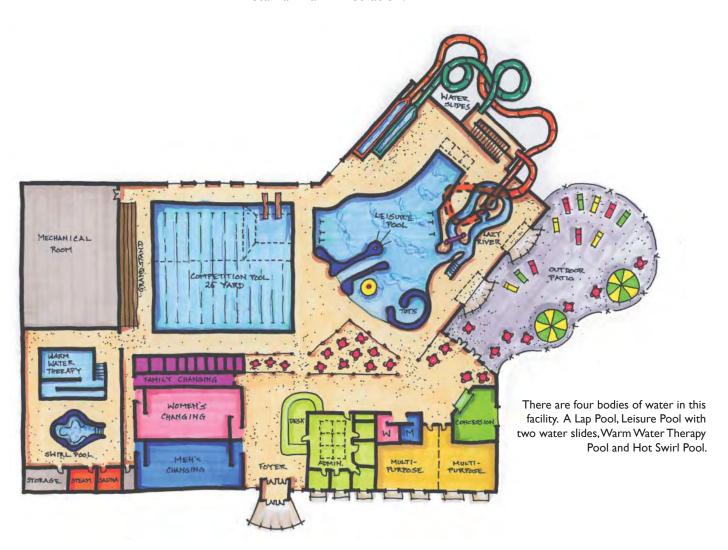
The estimate does not include the soft costs of land acquisition, permits, design fees or furnishings, costs which add considerable to the cost total. A detailed cost breakdown is provided in Appendix A.

NPRSA Regional Aquatic Center Degree of Magnitude Building Construction Cost Estimate NPRSA Aquatic Facility, Bothell, Washington					
Summary - Basic Construction Work Items	Building	Sq. Ft.	Sitework	Sq. Ft.	
	Summary	Cost	Summary	Cost	
General Contractor Work	\$5,751,537	\$104.57	\$1,071,762	\$19.49	
GC Markup, bonds, Insurance, Permits, Mobilization/Demob (20%)	\$1,150,307		\$214,352		
Subtotal - General Contractor Work	\$6,901,844	\$125.49	\$1,286,114	\$23.38	
Mechanical Contractor Work	\$2,476,980	\$45.04	(none)		
GC Markup, bonds, Insurance, Permits,	\$371,547				
Mobilization/Demob (15%)	φ3/1,3 4 /				
Subtotal - Mechanical Contractor Work	\$2,848,527	\$51.79			
Electrical Contractor Work	\$870,837	\$15.83	\$84,875	\$1.54	
GC Markup, bonds, Insurance, Permits,	\$130,625		\$12,731		
Mobilization/Demob (15%)	Ψ130,023		Ψ12,731		
Subtotal - Electrical Contractor Work	\$1,001,462	\$18.21	\$97,606	\$1.77	
Construction Cost Subtotal	\$10,751,834	\$195.49	\$1,383,720	\$25.16	
Sales Tax (8.9%)	\$956,913		\$123,151		
Concept Design Contingency (10%)	\$1,170,875		\$150,687		
Escalate to 2011 Construction Period (12%)	\$1,545,555		\$198,907		
Total Estimates	\$14,425,176	\$262.28	\$1,856,466	\$33.75	
TOTAL ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST	\$16,281,642 (\$296.03 per square foot)			foot)	

Chapter 7: Concept Layout

This building plan incorporates the entire program in an approximately 55,000 square foot building, including indoor and outdoor spaces, competitive pool, leisure pool, changing rooms, and mechanical areas. The configuration of the building is designed to work with the preferred City of Bothell Downtown Sub Area Plan, conforming to conceptual circulation and access factors. The entry on the south side encourages pedestrian traffic from downtown Bothell and activates a plaza and/or drop-off area at the front of the building.

Once entering the building visitors enjoy a view through the facility to the pool areas. A control desk greets all visitors to check people in and help with questions. The control desk also has good visibility to a majority of the facility. Behind the control desk are the offices for staff and administration.



Immediately across from the control desk are the changing rooms for men, women and families. Family changing rooms are an increasingly important feature in facilities such, as this providing a safe and comfortable place for parents with children.

For those people that want just to observe the activity, such as parents whose children are taking swim lessons or playing, there is an observation area separated from the pool deck, but close to the action. Visitors can use this area to relax, read, meet with friends and grab a snack from the concession area.

On the south side of the building are located the multi-purpose rooms. These rooms can be used for any number of events and can help produce revenue for the facility. The rooms are shown with a partition wall between them that can be opened to create one large room if desired. These rooms can be rented for birthday parties, community meetings or any number of events. They are close enough to the activity of the facility to be used by people visiting the pools or meeting there for other purposes.

There are four different bodies of water in this facility, including the Lap Pool, Leisure Pool, Therapy Pool and Hot Swirl Pool. In addition there are two water slides shown.

The lap pool is a 25 yard pool designed to meet the needs of the communities swim teams, in particular from the high schools. It can also be used for water polo, synchronized swimming, swim lessons, scuba classes, kayak training and a number of other activities designed for the standard pool configuration. Based on input from the high school coaches at the community meetings the pool is designed to have twelve 7-foot wide lanes that can accommodate two swim team practices at one time, or a swim team and diving practice. It could then also be re-configured with outside lanes to achieve regulation width for competition events. A bleacher style seating area is located adjacent to the lap pool for observers and spectators of events in the pool.

The Therapy Pool is located in a small room with the Swirl Pool adjacent to the lap pool and opposite the Leisure Pool. This area will be primarily used by adults and is therefore furthest from the Leisure Pool, which will be primarily for younger users of the facility. Within the same area are located the Steam and Sauna Rooms. This is intended allow for relaxing and therapeutic use.

Finally, there is the Leisure Pool with the wave feature, Lazy River, Spray Features and Water Slides. These represent the latest trends in aquatic facilities supports the operating pro forma. These are located on the side of the building for good visibility to the public, and remind and encourage visitors to come inside. In fact, that Water Slides are indoor/outdoor enhances facility visibility. The Leisure components encourage swimmers to become repeat visitors to the facility. An increasing large number of programs offer leisure pools to satisfy the needs of all generations, from small children to the elderly. The pool is fully accessible with the zero-depth entry. More and more facilities are using these pools for swim lessons, as opposed to the lap pools, because of the shallow depths. During standard open swim times, the Leisure Pool is expected to be the most occupied area of the facility.

This center is further enhanced through outdoor sun decks on the south side of the Leisure Pool area that can be opened up through a pair of large overhead doors. This feature makes the facility a great place on any day of the year.

Chapter 8: Summary of Findings

The Northshore area has a growing population and a demonstrated interest in aquatics recreation. The number of pools in the region has decreased from three to two and those two remaining pools are aging and deteriorating and their future is not certain. There is renewed urgency in developing a new swimming facility, given the aging and deterioration of both remaining pools and the impending transition of the Northshore Pool to the Northshore School District as the 1968 bond is retired in 2011. Key findings in the study include:

Site Location

Community forums with citizens, key stakeholders and community leaders provided clear preference for a site in the Downtown Bothell area near the Pop Keeney and Northshore Pool areas.

Project Scope

Community forums have provided positive responses to the specific scope of services indicated in this report and that should be offered in a regional aquatics center.

Assessment of Capital and Operational Costs

Total project costs, including soft costs (design, permits, and taxes) for a new multi-use facility are estimated between \$25-\$28 million, including approximately \$6.7 million in land acquisition. Budget estimates are projected in 2011 construction dollars. Regional models of successful aquatics centers demonstrate expanded services provide a variety of income streams to support facility maintenance and operation. No one jurisdiction can likely fund this project alone.

Community Aquatics Interest

Those attending public meetings have been supportive of broadening public awareness, leading up to a voted bond measure.

Recommended next steps include:

- Identify and secure an option for a specific site.
- Build a core group of interested citizens to develop broader community awareness about the aquatics needs.
- Develop a proposal, such as a capital funds voted bond, coming from the NPRSA District.
- Planning for a capital project ballot targeting November of 2010.

NPRSA Regional Aquatic Center

Summary of Costs

Hard Construction
Cost Estimate

\$16,281,642 Million

Land Acquisition Cost Estimate

\$6.7 Million

Total Estimated Costs (including soft costs)

\$25-28 Million

Appendix A Building Cost Detail

Building	Construction Detail
NPRSA	Regional Aquatic Center

NY KSA Regional Aquanc Cemer					205=1
WORK ITEM	QUANT.	PER	COST EACH	TOTAL COST	COST/ SQ. FT.
I. General Contractor Work Note: Unit Costs Include Subcontractor OH&P					
A. Excavation & Foundation Prep Pool Tanks, & Sump Pit Excavation & Backfill Wave Machine Area Excavation & Backfill Footing Excavation & Backfill	 2,000	ls Is If	\$55,250.00 \$3,413.00 \$8.00	\$55,250 \$3,413 \$16,000	
			Subtotal "A"	\$74,663	\$1.36
B. Concrete					
Footings Stem Walls 4" Slab on Grade Waterslide Foundations Complete Wave Machine Room Foundation Walls Wave Machine Room Stairs Leisure Pool Parent/Tot Pool Bubble Pit/River Channel Competitive Pool Therapy Pool Swirl Pool Sump & Pump Pit walls	2,000 2,000 505 160 120 16 4,643 300 900 6,150 1,200 300 300	If If Cy Cy If riser sf sf sf sf If	\$35.00 \$18.00 \$160.00 \$228.80 \$110.50 \$200.00 \$30.00 \$90.00 \$180.00 \$60.00 \$90.00 \$180.00 \$110.50	\$70,000 \$36,000 \$80,764 \$36,608 \$13,260 \$3,200 \$139,275 \$27,000 \$162,000 \$369,000 \$108,000 \$54,000 \$33,150	
			Subtotal "B"	\$1,132,257	\$20.59
C. Exterior Wall Systems					
8" CMU, Reinforced, Solid Grouted Brick or CMU Veneer 6" Metal Studs @ 16" OC 5/8" GWB or Sheathing Weather Barrier 3" Rigid Polyiso Insulation Unfaced Batt R-21 Insulation 4 Mil Poly Vapor Retarder Bituthane Self Stick Vapor Retarder 2" R-10 Perimiter Insulation at Foundation Sill Flashing Masonry Seal Exterior Faces Epoxy Paint Interior Cmu Faces Paint GWB Where Exposed Waterslide Tower Walls	23,000 29,900 6,900 13,800 6,900 23,000 6,900 23,000 3,540 958 23,000 23,000 6,900 2,100	sf sf sf sf sf sf sf sf sf sf	\$9.30 \$9.91 \$5.15 \$1.40 \$0.20 \$0.94 \$0.94 \$0.16 \$2.86 \$1.65 \$4.65 \$0.36 \$1.30 \$0.65 \$23.63	\$213,785 \$296,189 \$35,521 \$19,375 \$1,380 \$21,528 \$6,458 \$1,076 \$65,780 \$5,845 \$4,459 \$8,372 \$29,900 \$4,485 \$49,631	\$13.89
D. Interior Wall Systems Masonry Walls, Epoxy Paint Both Sides	16,890	sf	\$14.50	\$244,821	
Gyp. Board Walls, Texture & Paint Both Sides	7,128	sf	\$8.68 Subtotal "D"	\$61,900 \$306,720	\$5.58
E. Structural Frame & Misc. Materials Structural Steel Framework Open Web Joists 1.5" x 20 ga Metal Deck	160 62 55,700	ton ton sf	\$2,860.00 \$2,080.00 \$2.08	\$457,600 \$128,960 \$115,856 \$16,848	<i>\$3.30</i>
3" x 20 ga Composite Floor Deck Shear Studs 3/4" x 4.75" Anchor Bolts 1" x 1.33' max Waterslide Tower Roof Waterslide Stairs Other Misc Metal Fabrications	7,200 720 416 800 60 2	sf ea ea sf riser ton	\$2.34 \$2.93 \$5.85 \$9.43 \$183.30 \$5,000	\$16,848 \$2,106 \$2,434 \$7,540 \$10,998 \$10,000	
			Subtotal "E"	\$752,342	\$13.68

F. Roof Systems					
Flat Roof System Metal Roof & Canopy System Waterslide Tower Metal Roof System Roof Drain & Leader	55,700 2,000 800 30	sf sf sf ea	\$12.68 \$30.00 \$18.85 \$1,430.00	\$705,998 \$60,000 \$15,080 \$42,900	
			Subtotal "F"	\$823,978	\$14.98
G. Ceilings Paint Exposed Deck & Structure Suspended Acoustical Solid GWB & Metal Frame	33,000 20,700 2,000	sf sf sf	\$3.25 \$3.90 \$7.15	\$107,250 \$80,730 \$14,300	
			Subtotal "G"	\$202,280	\$3.68
H. Doors Hollow Metal - Single	40	00	\$1,016.00	\$40,640	
Hollow Metal - Sligle Hollow Metal - Double Aluminum - Single Aluminum - Double Folding Walls	6 4 12 480	ea ea ea ea sf	\$1,950.00 \$1,975.00 \$1,975.00 \$3,950.00 \$45.00	\$11,700 \$7,900 \$47,400 \$21,600	
			Subtotal "H"	\$129,240	\$2.35
I. Windows Exterior Alum Frame Insul Glazed Interior Single Glazed Waterslide Tower Alum Framed Windows Skylights	2,000 2,000 800 300	sf sf sf sf	\$52.00 \$37.70 \$52.00 \$58.50	\$104,000 \$75,400 \$41,600 \$17,550	
			Subtotal "I"	\$238,550	\$4.34
J. Finishes					
Paint Misc. Interior Surfaces Epoxy Paint Sanitary Surfaces Ceramic Tile Sanitary Floors Ceramic Tile Sanitary Wall Base Ceramic Tile Sanitary Walls & Wainscots Concrete Sealer at Pool Deck Epoxy Paint Pool Surfaces Ceramic Tile Top of Pool Walls Carpet Vinyl Composition Tile or Sht Vnyl Decor Package	55,700 5,700 7,600 1,000 8,000 16,140 24,515 4,000 611 6,615	sf sf sf lf sf sf sf sf sf sf	\$0.65 \$1.30 \$9.10 \$13.00 \$7.80 \$0.50 \$2.00 \$11.70 \$31.20 \$3.90 \$50,000	\$36,205 \$7,410 \$69,160 \$13,000 \$62,400 \$8,070 \$49,029 \$46,800 \$19,067 \$25,799 \$50,000	
			Subtotal "J"	\$386,939	\$7.04
K. Specialties Toilet Partitions Urinal Partitions Toilet Specialties Benches Lockers Privacy Dressing Room Equipment Signage Counters Servery Counters Base Cabinets Servery Base Cabinets Overhead Cabinets Servery Overhead Cabinets Shelving	16 4 16 150 400 10 1 155 36 135 36 49 18	ea ea ea lf ea ea ls lf lf lf	\$1,040.00 \$390.00 \$650.00 \$39.00 \$156.00 \$1,300.00 \$6,500.00 \$52.00 \$52.00 \$143.00 \$1443.00 \$104.00 \$104.00 \$26.00	\$16,640 \$1,560 \$10,400 \$5,850 \$62,400 \$13,000 \$6,500 \$8,060 \$1,872 \$19,872 \$19,872 \$1,872 \$1,872 \$1,872 \$1,872 \$1,872	\$2.88
L. Swimming Pool Specialties					
Waterslide Sauna & Steam Rooms Finishes Wave Machine Equipment Special Water Effects	2 2 1	ea ea Is Is	\$225,000.00 \$13,000.00 \$97,500.00 \$50,000.00	\$450,000 \$26,000 \$97,500 \$50,000	

I-Meter Diving Board 3-Meter Diving Board Lifeguard Chairs Handicap Lift Handrails Wall Steps & Grabrails Lifelines, Racing Lane Lines, Anchors & Reels Starting Platforms Accessory Inserts, Stanchions etc Continuous Deck Drain Vacuum Inlets	 2 8 7 - - - 950 	ea ea ea set set Is Is Is	\$10,400.00 \$15,000.00 \$2,500.00 \$6,000.00 \$800.00 \$1,500.00 \$35,000.00 \$26,000.00 \$10,000.00 \$30.00	\$10,400 \$15,000 \$5,000 \$6,400 \$10,500 \$35,000 \$26,000 \$10,000 \$28,500 \$6,000	
		•	Subtotal "L"	\$782,300	\$14.22

Subtotal I. General Contractor Building Costs

\$5,751,537 \$104.57

Mechanical Contractor Work Note: Unit Costs Include Subcontractor OH&P							
A. Plumbing Systems	_,						
Fixtures, Venting, Piping & Insulation	74	ea	\$3,120.00	\$230,880	#120		
			Subtotal "A"	\$230,880	\$4.20		
B. Fire Sprinklers							
Wet Pipe System	55,700	sf	\$3.12	\$173,784			
			Subtotal "B"	\$173,784	\$3.16		
C. Pool Hydraulics		_					
Pumps, Filters, Valves, Chlorine Syst,	10,793 900	sf sf	\$43.68 \$91.00	\$471,416 \$81,900			
River Channel Pool Hydraulics Systems Tots Pool Pool Hydraulics Systems	300	sf	\$91.00 \$91.00	\$27,300			
Therapy Pool Hydraulics Systems	1,200	sf	\$91.00	\$109,200			
Swirl Pool Hydraulics Systems	300	sf	\$221.00	\$66,300			
Chemical Cóntrollers ´ Commissioning, O&M, As-Builts	4 I	ea Is	\$11,700.00 \$14,000.00	\$46,800 \$14,000	13492.5		
	•		Subtotal "C"	\$816,916	\$60.55		
D. Ventilation							
Pool Areas	I	ls	\$160,000.00	\$160,000			
Change Rooms	į.	ļs	\$68,000.00 \$35,000.00	\$68,000 \$35,000			
Admin / Recept / Misc Split System A/C	ļ	ls Is	\$35,000.00 \$30,000.00	\$35,000 \$30,000			
Ductwork / Diffusers & Installation	55.700	sf	\$30,000.00	\$668,400			
Commissioning, O&M, As-Builts	i	İs	\$14,000.00	\$14,000			
			Subtotal "D"	\$975,400	\$17.73		
E. Heating Plant							
Central Boiler for Pool & Domestic, Stacks Heat Exch, Pumps, Piping, Valves & insul	I	ls	\$165,000.00	\$165,000			
reac Exem, rumps, riping, rumes or mour			Subtotal "E"	\$165,000	\$3.00		
F. Controls							
Systems Control	1	ls	\$90,000.00	\$90,000			
<u></u>	•		Subtotal "F"	\$90,000	\$1.64		
G. Testing & Balancing							
Piping & Ducted Systems	1	ls	\$25,000.00	\$25,000			
			Subtotal "G"	\$25,000	\$0.45		
Subtotal 2. Mechanical Contractor Building Costs \$2,476,980							

3.	Electrical Contractor Work Note: Unit Costs Include Subcontractor Of	-1&P			
	A. Building Interior Service and Distribution Lighting Devices Equipment Connections Basic Materials Fire Alarm Telephone/Data/Cable Conduit Low Voltage Lighting Control Underwater Lights at Lap Pool Security System Pool & Slide Panic Alarm	55,700 55,700 55,700 55,700 55,700 55,700 55,700 I	sf sf sf sf sf ls ls ea	\$4.11 \$5.32 \$0.52 \$0.66 \$2.31 \$1.26 \$0.46 \$12,000.00 \$25,500.00 \$6,000.00	\$228,816 \$296,157 \$28,964 \$36,929 \$128,890 \$70,238 \$25,344 \$12,000 \$25,500 \$6,000 \$12,000
				Subtotal "A"	\$870,837

Subtotal 3 - Electrical Contractor Building Costs

\$870,837

\$15.83

Sitework Costs Detail					
NPRSA Regional Aquatic Center					
WORK ITEM	QUANT.	PER	COST EACH	TOTAL COST	COST/ SQ. FT.
General Contractor Work					
Note: Unit Costs Include Subcontractor OH&F)				
A. Site Prep, Paving And Surfacing General Demolition & Site Prep		ls	\$100,000.00	\$100,000	
Excavate/Dispose Existing Soil Grade & Compact Soil	2,407 14,520	су	\$18.20 \$4.23	\$43,815 \$61,347	
Concrete Slabs / Walks / Driveways	12,000	sy sf	\$4.55	\$54,600	
Entry Dropoff Drive 375 Car Parking Allowance to Garage Cost	1,600 15,000	sy sy	\$24.00 \$24.00	\$38,400 \$360,000	
		·	Subtotal "A"	\$658,162	
B. Utilities	500	16	422.50	417.25 0	
8" Sanitary Sewer Connect To Exist San Sewer	500 I	If ea	\$32.50 \$5,000.00	\$16,250 \$5,000	
Manhole 6" Footing Drain	2 1,200	ea If	\$3,120.00 \$10.40	\$6,240 \$12,480	
6" Footing Drain Cleanout at Grade 12" Storm Drain Pipe	1,000	ea If	\$260.00 \$27.30	\$2,340 \$27,300	
Catchbasin	6	ea	\$1,690.00	\$10,140	
Oil/Water Separator Manhole	1 4	ea ea	\$26,000.00 \$3,120.00	\$26,000 \$12,480	
Storm Detetntion 8" Water Piping	l 800	ea If	\$30,000.00 \$39.00	\$30,000 \$31,200	
Water Pipe Tap, Fittings, Valves Fire System Vault and assembly	12	ea	\$910.00 \$11,700.00	\$10,920 \$11,700	
Fire Hydrant	2	ea ea	\$3,900.00	\$7,800	
			Subtotal "B"	\$209,850	
C. Landscaping & Irrigation Lawn Areas	41,700	sf	\$1.20	\$50,040	
Planting Beds Mulch & Groundcover	7,550	sf	\$2.70	\$20,385	
Shrubs Trees	200 55	ea ea	\$30.00 \$250.00	\$6,000 \$13,750	
Irrigation System Ground Preparation And Finish Grading	49,250 49,250	sf sf	\$0.60 \$1.30	\$29,550 \$64,025	
	,		Subtotal "C"	\$183,750	
D. Site Furnishings	200		450.00	410.000	
Fencing Facility Signage	200 I	If ea	\$50.00 \$10,000	\$10,000 \$10,000	
			Subtotal "D"	\$20,000	
Subtotal I - General Contractor Sitewor	k Costs			\$1,071,762	\$19.49
 Electrical Contractor Work Note: Unit Costs Include Subcontractor OH&F 					
A. Building Service And Site Lighting Building Exterior Lighting	I	ls	\$7,500.00	\$7,500	
Site Lighting Site Telephone, Power, Cable	ļ	ls Is	\$40,000.00 \$37,375.00	\$40,000 \$37,375	
Site releptione, rower, Cable	ı	13	Subtotal "A"	\$84,875	
Subtotal 2 - Electrical Contractor Sitewo	rk Costs			\$84,875	\$1.54
				, , , , , , ,	,

Appendix B Site Scoring Matrix

SITE LOCATION MATRIX Northshore Aquatic Study

CRITERIA WEIGHTED VALUE OF CRITERIA									CRI	TERIA						
GRAPHIC SCALE Represents Percentage of Perfect Score Weighted NUMERICAL SCORE Represents Percentage of Weighted Value TEGEND POTENTIAL SITES X	ADEQUATE SITE SIZE GO	MAJOR ARTERIAL ACCESS GJ	COST/AVAILABILITY OF G ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE TO PRSA POPULATION O	PUBLIC VISIBILITY O	TRANSIT ACCESS SO	PROXIMITY TO SHOPPING/RETAIL SO	CONFORMANCE WITH W LOCAL MASTER PLANS	CENTRAL TO PRSA O	INFRASTRUCTURE - A	SOILS/OTHER * CONSTRUCTION TO COST IMPACTS	LOCATED CENTRAL TO FUTURE PRSA W POPULATION GROWTH	PROXIMITY TO SCHOOL OR DEFERENTIONAL ACTIVITY O	POTENTIAL TO GENERATE MOST NON-RESIDENT USES O	PEDESTRIAN/BICYCLE ACCESS	WEIGHTED TOTAL
				, 0		00										
POP KEENEY/ NORTHSHORE POOL AREA	40	35	40	30	30	25	25	30	25	30	30	10	20	15	15	400
COMMERCIAL AREA AT SR522/SR202 INTERSECTION	30	45	15	35	40	30	20	20	25	30	25	15	10	20	20	380
LITTLE BEAR CREEK PARKWAY	40	30	35	25	35	5	25	25	25	30	25	20	15	15	15	365
SITE IN UNINCORPORATED SNOHOMISH COUNTY	50	30	40	25	20	0	15	20	20	30	25	20	15	10	15	335
WELLINGTON HILLS GOLF COURSE	50	20	40	5	10	0	5	20	10	10	25	20	10	10	20	255

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Appendix C Citizen Comments

Citizen Comments from Public Meetings

Advantages to Top Five Sites

Pop Keeney/Northshore	Commercial Area, SR522 & 202	Little Bear Creek Parkway	Uninc. Snohomish County	Wellington Hills Golf Course
Α	В	С	D	E
Visibility	Visibility	Visibility	Public land	Combines dev. w/other athletic ops.
In Bothell Master Plan	Visibility	Good access	Good site for So. Snohomish Cty.	Access to 522/SR9
Closest to Population Density	Very visible from highway, possible increase in the number of users	Visibility		Partnering possibilities w/ investors and public park entities to acquire/op.
Population center	Accessibility	Good for access		Public land
Most central	Visibility/centrality	Visibility		Land appears available
Access from major highways	Great visibility	Access		Capability to match up with other parks and athletic uses
Central to current population	Good transportation	High visibility		Easiest access of freeway
Appeal of Pop Keeney	Visibility	Somewhat centrally located		
Good access	Close to retail	Good visibility		
Good population draw	Visibility	Best access		
Aquatic interest in area	Proximity to Sammamish River Trail	Good access, but surface streets		
Good transit, close to retail	High visibility	Good visibility		
Well known, voters would support	Somewhat centrally located	Location, close to freeway		
Existing site, known location	Great visibility / access	Close to arterials - access		
Centrally located	Visibility huge bonus	Central location		
Proximity to major arterials	Great visibility			
Pedestrian oriented	Easy access			
Close to shopping, rest., diversions	Location, close to freeway			
Well known	Close to arterials			
Accessibility from 422, 405, B-E Hwy	Excellent visibility from highway			
Most central	Central location			
Centrally located	Existing sports programs (soccer)			
Good access				
Land available				
Central location				
Residents used to site				
Existing base of swimmers				
Centrally located				
Well known already				
Familiarity to aquatics at this site				
Location, pre-exising infrastructure				
Adjacent to retail/commercial				
Central location				
Highest user density - current				
Increases pool space, overall facility				

Citizen Comments from Public Meetings

Disadvantages to Top Five Sites

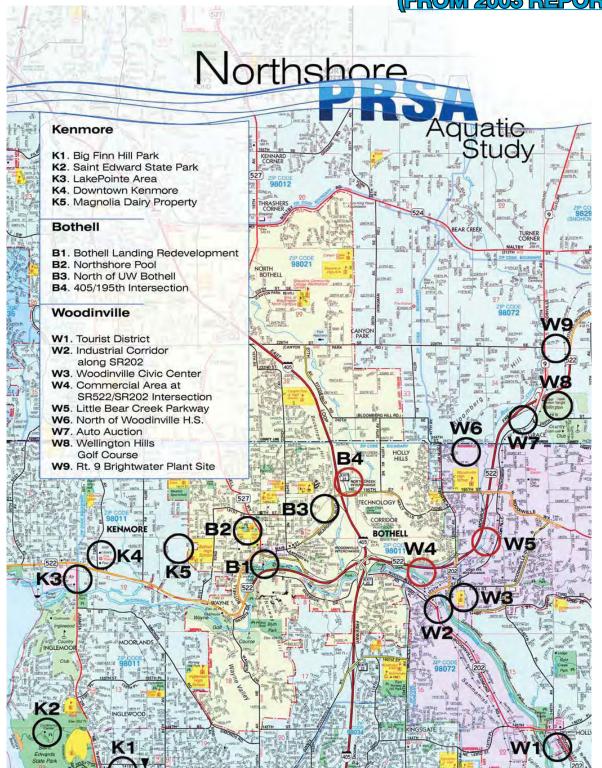
Pop Keeney/Northshore	Commercial Area, SR522 & 202	Little Bear Creek Parkway	Uninc. Snohomish County	Wellington Hills Golf Course	
Α	В	С	D	E	
Visibility from Bothell Way not good	Difficult Access	Difficult Access	Too Rural	Don't like accessibility	
Constricted Access & Expansion	Lack of ownership	Lack of ownership	Too far from voters- Bothell/ Kenmore	Not excited by site	
Possible conflict with downtown dev.	Hard to solve current use/density with future commercial development	Hard to solve current use density with future commercial development	Too far from existing population, even recognizing it will get better		
Difficult access	Not adjacent to retail	Away from population centers	Would serve small portion of pop.	Voters in West unlikely to support	
Concerned about new construction impact on current facility availability	Flood risk	Flood risk	Not central to PRSA	Distance from existing pop. Density	
Downtown harder to access	Difficult Access	Flood questions	Most remote, not sure where it is	Poor topography	
Conflicts with future development?	Poor access	Unattractive industrial setting	Outside all 3 cities	Outside all 3 cities	
	Unattractive setting	Too far east in PRSA	Site isn't a good draw	Not close to retail/recreational areas	
	Not near shopping or services	Land privately owned	People wouldn't travel there	Poor transit access	
	522/202 Capacity load?	Difficult access from outside W'ville	Transportation is a problem	Little visibility	
	Potential flood problems	Not as visible	Not centrally located	Too far from existing pools	
	Land privately owned	Cost of acquisition	Edge of urban growth area	Edge of urban growth area	
	Difficult to access (traffic)	More difficult to access than 522/202	Poor visibiltity	Poor visibility	
	Poor access	Potential for flooding/environ. Impact	Too far north	Not near shopping	
	Traffic?	Not adjacent to retail	Not centrally located	Too far west PRSA	
	Cost of property	Would interchange be improved?	Too much uncertainty	Not centrally located	
	Poor access		Too far away	Difficult building site - steep hill	
	Not conveniently located		Unaccessible	On the fringe	
	Would interchange be improved?		Invisible	Very difficult hill, out of the way	
			Negative impact on voting	Invisible	
			Difficult to get to	Harder to develop	
			In middle of no-where	Access difficulties	
			Caters to population not there yet	Potential for negative voter response because not convenient	
			Far reaches of boundary	Poor location	
			,	In middle of no-where	
				Caters to population not there yet Would be White Elephant, like King	
				County Aquatics Center	

Appendix D
Site Information

Northshore Aquatic Study

SITE EVALUATION

ALL SITES
CONSIDERED
(FROM 2008 REPORT)

















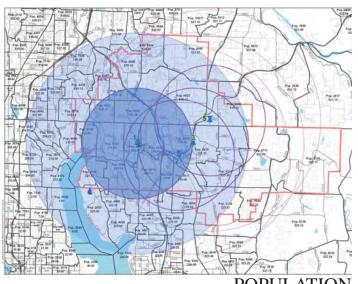


POP KEENEY / **NORTHSHORE PO** AREA



KEY POINTS

- Meets goals of City Master **Planning Efforts**
- Central to the PRSA
- Not far from SR522
- Close proximity to schools and recreation
- Close proximity to retail
- Site of existing aquatics facility - future?
- Relatively flat site
- Potential minimal cost of land



POPULATION

Within 2.5 miles 58,261 2.5 - 5 miles 58,118 102,793 2.5 - 5 miles outside PRSA **TOTAL** 219,172















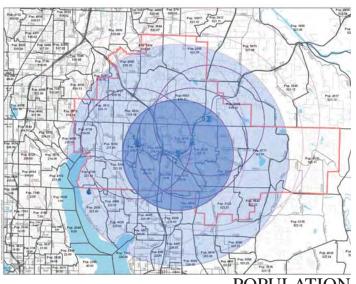


COMMERCIAL AREA AT SR522 / SR202 ERSECTION



KEY POINTS

- Close to major arterials and transit
- Flat industrial site
- Highly visible from the freeway
- Immediately adjacent to Sammamish River Trail
- Not near to major retail activities
- Existing access is poor



POPULATION

Within 2.5 miles 46,518 2.5 - 5 miles 87,581 2.5 - 5 miles outside PRSA 62,544

TOTAL

196,643















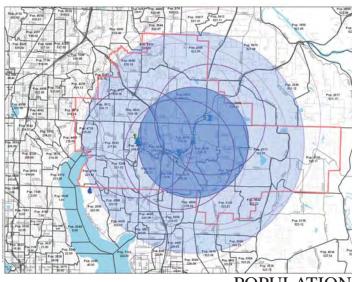


LITTLE BEAR CREEK PARKWAY



KEY POINTS

- Close to major arterials and transit
- Visible from the freeway
- Adjacent to future city development of planned trail and park across the creek
- Near to retail activities
- Acquisition of existing businesses to expand size of site



POPULATION

Within 2.5 miles 40,464 2.5 - 5 miles 74,882 2.5 - 5 miles outside PRSA 58,830

TOTAL

174,176









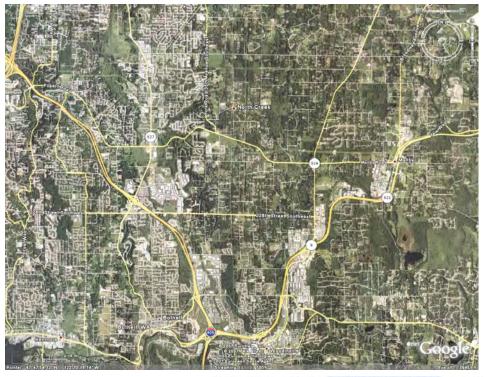






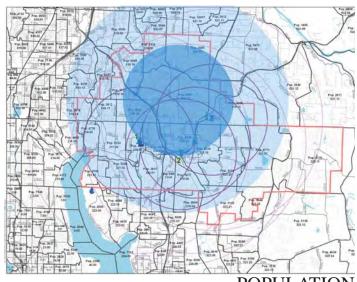


UNINCORPORATED SNOHOMISH COUNTY SITE



KEY POINTS

- Large site, minimal slopes
- Near to rural residential population
- Site is at intersection of secondary arterials
- Limited transit access
- Overhead utility easement
- Not near to other recreational or retail activities



 POPULATION

 Within 2.5 miles
 29,240

 2.5 - 5 miles
 80,395

 2.5 - 5 miles outside PRSA
 54,136



















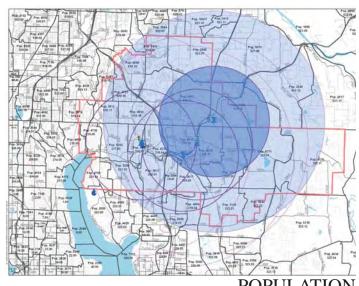


WELLINGTON HILLS GOLF COURSE



KEY POINTS

- Large available area depending on actual site
- Rolling sloped site, not much flat area
- Low visibility to site
- Site is located off secondary streets with limited capacity
- Limited transit access
- Extension of utilities may be required
- Not near to other recreational or retail activities



POPULATION

Within 2.5 miles 27,153 2.5 - 5 miles 76,244 2.5 - 5 miles outside PRSA 44,563

TOTAL

147,960















Appendix E History of Regional Aquatics

History of Regional Aquatics				
1963	St. Edwards Park Memorial Pool built, now owned by the State of Washington			
1968	Forward Thrust - Voters pass capital bonds including capital funding for Northshore and Sorenson Pools			
	King County owns, maintains and operates Northshore Pool			
1970-2001	King County maintains and operates Sorenson Pool, owned by Northshore School District			
2001	King County stops maintenance and operations of Forward Thrust Pools within municipal boundaries, including Northshore Pool			
2001	PRSA Voters approve health and wellness center by 63%			
2001 - Present	Northshore and St. Edwards State Park Pools operate year-to-year (contract with Northwest Center) including the provision of annual operating subsidies by partner jurisdictions.			
2002	Sorenson Pool Closed by City of Woodinville (retrofitted for non-aquatic uses)			
2003-2004	NPRSA Aquatic Study and Survey			
2007 - 2008	NPRSA community feedback. recommended direction, emerging consensus			
2011	I 968 Forward Thrust Bond fully paid; Northshore Pool covenants expire, Ownership reverts back to property owner (currently Northshore School District)			